

State of Arizona
House of Representatives
Fifty-second Legislature
Second Regular Session
2016

CHAPTER 293
HOUSE BILL 2310

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 23-908 AND 32-1963.01, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING
TO BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

2 Section 1. Section 23-908, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
3 read:

4 23-908. Injury reports by employer and physician; schedule of
5 fees; violation; classification

6 A. Every employer that is affected by this chapter, and every
7 physician who attends an injured employee of such employer, shall file with
8 the commission and the employer's insurance carrier from time to time a full
9 and complete report of every known injury to the employee arising out of or
10 in the course of employment and resulting in loss of life or injury. Such a
11 report shall be furnished to the commission and the insurance carrier at
12 times and in the form and detail the commission prescribes, and the report
13 shall make special answers to all questions required by the commission under
14 its rules.

15 B. The commission shall fix a schedule of fees to be charged by
16 physicians, physical therapists or occupational therapists attending injured
17 employees and, subject to subsection C of this section, for prescription
18 medicines required to treat an injured employee under this chapter. The
19 commission shall annually review the schedule of fees.

20 C. If a schedule of fees for prescription medicines adopted pursuant
21 to subsection B of this section includes provisions regarding the use of
22 generic equivalent drugs **OR INTERCHANGEABLE BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS**, those
23 provisions shall comply with section 32-1963.01, subsections A, B and ~~C~~ D
24 through ~~J~~ L. If the commission considers the adoption of fee schedule
25 provisions that involve specific prices, values or reimbursements for
26 prescription drugs, the commission shall base the adoption on studies or
27 practices that are validated and accepted in the industry, including the
28 applicability of formulas that use average wholesale price, plus a dispensing
29 fee, and that have been made publicly available for at least one hundred
30 eighty days before any hearing conducted by the commission.

31 D. Notwithstanding section 12-2235, information obtained by any
32 physician or surgeon examining or treating an injured person shall not be
33 considered a privileged communication, if that information is requested by
34 interested parties for a proper understanding of the case and a determination
35 of the rights involved. Hospital records of an employee concerning an
36 industrial claim shall not be considered privileged if requested by an
37 interested party in order to determine the rights involved. Medical
38 information from any source pertaining to conditions unrelated to the pending
39 industrial claim shall remain privileged.

40 E. When an accident occurs to an employee, the employee shall
41 forthwith report the accident and the injury resulting therefrom to the
42 employer, and any physician employed by the injured employee shall forthwith
43 report the accident and the injury resulting therefrom to the employer, the
44 insurance carrier and the commission.

45 F. When an accident occurs to an employee, the employer may designate
46 in writing a physician chosen by the employer, who shall be permitted by the

1 employee, or any person in charge of the employee, to make one examination of
2 the injured employee in order to ascertain the character and extent of the
3 injury occasioned by the accident. The physician so chosen shall forthwith
4 report to the employer, the insurance carrier and the commission the
5 character and extent of the injury as ~~ascertained by him~~ THE PHYSICIAN
6 ASCERTAINS. If the accident is not reported by the employee or ~~his~~ THE
7 EMPLOYEE'S physician forthwith, as required, or if the injured employee or
8 those in charge of ~~him~~ THE EMPLOYEE refuse to permit the employer's physician
9 to make the examination, and the injured employee is a party to the refusal,
10 no compensation shall be paid for the injury claimed to have resulted from
11 the accident. The commission may relieve the injured person or ~~his~~ THAT
12 PERSON'S dependents from the loss or forfeiture of compensation if it
13 believes after investigation that the circumstances attending the failure on
14 the part of the employee or ~~his~~ physician to report the accident and injury
15 are such as to have excused them.

16 G. Within ten days after receiving notice of an accident, the employer
17 shall inform the insurance carrier and the commission on such forms and in
18 such manner as may be prescribed by the commission.

19 H. Immediately on notice to the employer of an accident resulting in
20 an injury to an employee, the employer shall provide the employee with the
21 name and address of the employer's insurance carrier, the policy number and
22 the expiration date.

23 I. Any person failing or refusing to comply with this section is
24 guilty of a petty offense.

25 Sec. 2. Section 32-1963.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
26 read:

27 32-1963.01. Substitution for prescription drugs or biological
28 products; requirements; label; definitions

29 A. If a medical practitioner prescribes a brand name drug and does not
30 indicate an intent to prevent substitution as prescribed in subsection ~~D~~ E
31 of this section, a pharmacist may fill the prescription with a generic
32 equivalent drug.

33 B. A PHARMACIST MAY SUBSTITUTE A BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT FOR A PRESCRIBED
34 BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT ONLY IF ALL OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS ARE MET:

35 1. THE UNITED STATES FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION HAS DETERMINED THE
36 SUBSTITUTED PRODUCT TO BE AN INTERCHANGEABLE BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT.

37 2. THE PRESCRIBING PHYSICIAN DOES NOT DESIGNATE IN WRITING OR
38 ELECTRONICALLY THAT SUBSTITUTION IS PROHIBITED IN A MANNER PURSUANT TO
39 SUBSECTION E OF THIS SECTION.

40 3. THE PHARMACY INFORMS THE PATIENT OR PERSON PRESENTING THE
41 PRESCRIPTION OF THE SUBSTITUTION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION C OF THIS SECTION.

42 4. WITHIN FIVE BUSINESS DAYS AFTER DISPENSING A BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT,
43 THE DISPENSING PHARMACIST OR THE PHARMACIST'S DESIGNEE MAKES AN ENTRY OF THE
44 SPECIFIC PRODUCT PROVIDED TO THE PATIENT, INCLUDING THE NAME OF THE PRODUCT
45 AND THE MANUFACTURER. THE COMMUNICATION SHALL BE CONVEYED BY MAKING AN ENTRY
46 THAT IS ELECTRONICALLY ACCESSIBLE TO THE PRESCRIBER THROUGH AN INTEROPERABLE

1 ELECTRONIC MEDICAL RECORDS SYSTEM, AN ELECTRONIC PRESCRIBING TECHNOLOGY, A
2 PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM, OR A PHARMACY RECORD. ENTRY INTO AN
3 ELECTRONIC RECORDS SYSTEM AS DESCRIBED IN THIS PARAGRAPH IS PRESUMED TO
4 PROVIDE NOTICE TO THE PRESCRIBER. OTHERWISE, THE PHARMACIST SHALL COMMUNICATE
5 THE BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT DISPENSED TO THE PRESCRIBER USING FAX, TELEPHONE,
6 ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION OR OTHER PREVAILING MEANS, EXCEPT THAT COMMUNICATION
7 IS NOT REQUIRED IF ONE OF THE FOLLOWING APPLIES:

8 (a) THERE IS NO INTERCHANGEABLE BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT APPROVED BY THE
9 UNITED STATES FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION FOR THE PRODUCT PRESCRIBED.

10 (b) A REFILL PRESCRIPTION IS NOT CHANGED FROM THE PRODUCT DISPENSED ON
11 THE PRIOR FILLING OF THE PRESCRIPTION.

12 5. THE PHARMACY RETAINS A RECORD OF THE BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT DISPENSED
13 PURSUANT TO SECTION 32-1964, SUBSECTION A.

14 ~~B.~~ C. Any pharmacy personnel shall notify the person presenting the
15 prescription of the amount of the price difference between the brand name
16 drug OR BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT prescribed and the generic equivalent drug OR
17 INTERCHANGEABLE BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT, if both of the following apply:

18 1. The medical practitioner does not indicate an intent to prevent
19 substitution with a generic equivalent drug OR INTERCHANGEABLE BIOLOGICAL
20 PRODUCT.

21 2. The transaction is not subject to third-party reimbursement.

22 ~~C.~~ D. The pharmacist shall place on the container the name of the
23 drug OR BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT dispensed followed by the words "generic
24 equivalent for" OR "INTERCHANGEABLE BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT FOR" followed by the
25 brand or trade name of the product that is being replaced by the generic
26 equivalent DRUG OR INTERCHANGEABLE BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT. The pharmacist shall
27 include the brand or trade name on the container or label of any contact
28 lenses dispensed pursuant to this chapter.

29 ~~D.~~ E. A prescription generated in this state must be dispensed as
30 written only if the prescriber writes or clearly displays "DAW", "dispense as
31 written", "do not substitute", ~~OR~~ "medically necessary" or any statement by
32 the prescriber that clearly indicates an intent to prevent substitution on
33 the face of the prescription form. A prescription from out of state or from
34 agencies of the United States government must be dispensed as written only if
35 the prescriber writes or clearly displays "do not substitute", "dispense as
36 written" or "medically necessary" or any statement by the prescriber that
37 clearly indicates an intent to prevent substitution on the face of the
38 prescription form.

39 ~~E.~~ F. This section applies to all prescriptions, including those
40 presented by or on behalf of persons receiving state or federal assistance
41 payments.

42 ~~F.~~ G. An employer or agent of an employer of a pharmacist shall not
43 require the pharmacist to dispense any specific generic equivalent drug OR
44 INTERCHANGEABLE BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT or TO substitute any specific generic
45 equivalent drug OR INTERCHANGEABLE BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT for a brand name drug

1 OR BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT against the professional judgment of the pharmacist or
2 the order of the prescriber.

3 ~~G.~~ H. The liability of a pharmacist in substituting according to this
4 section ~~shall be~~ IS no greater than that ~~which is~~ incurred in the filling of
5 a generically written prescription. This subsection does not limit or
6 diminish the responsibility for the strength, purity or quality of drugs
7 provided in section 32-1963. The failure of a prescriber to specify that no
8 substitution is authorized does not constitute evidence of negligence.

9 ~~H.~~ I. A pharmacist may not make a substitution pursuant to this
10 section unless the manufacturer or distributor of the generic EQUIVALENT drug
11 OR INTERCHANGEABLE BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT has shown that:

12 1. All products dispensed have an expiration date on the original
13 package.

14 2. The manufacturer or distributor maintains recall and return
15 capabilities for unsafe or defective drugs OR BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS.

16 J. THE BOARD SHALL MAINTAIN ON ITS PUBLIC WEBSITE A LINK TO THE
17 CURRENT LIST OF EACH BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT DETERMINED BY THE UNITED STATES FOOD
18 AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION TO BE AN INTERCHANGEABLE BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT.

19 ~~I.~~ K. The labeling and oral notification requirements of this section
20 do not apply to pharmacies serving patients in a health care institution as
21 defined in section 36-401. However, in order for this exemption to apply to
22 hospitals, the hospital must have a formulary to which all medical
23 practitioners of that hospital have agreed and that is available for
24 inspection by the board.

25 ~~J.~~ L. For the purposes of this section:

26 1. "BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT" HAS THE SAME MEANING PRESCRIBED IN 42 UNITED
27 STATES CODE SECTION 262.

28 ~~I.~~ 2. "Brand name drug" means a drug with a proprietary name assigned
29 to it by the manufacturer or distributor.

30 ~~2.~~ 3. "Formulary" means a list of medicinal drugs.

31 ~~3.~~ 4. "Generic equivalent" or "generically equivalent" means a drug
32 that has an identical amount of the same active chemical ingredients in the
33 same dosage form, that meets applicable standards of strength, quality and
34 purity according to the United States pharmacopeia or other nationally
35 recognized compendium and that, if administered in the same amounts, will
36 provide comparable therapeutic effects. Generic equivalent or generically
37 equivalent does not include a drug that is listed by the ~~federal~~ UNITED
38 STATES food and drug administration as having unresolved bioequivalence
39 concerns according to the administration's most recent publication of
40 approved drug products with therapeutic equivalence evaluations.

41 5. "INTERCHANGEABLE BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT" MEANS A BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT
42 THAT EITHER:

43 (a) THE UNITED STATES FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION HAS LICENSED AND
44 DETERMINED MEETS THE SAFETY STANDARDS FOR DETERMINING INTERCHANGEABILITY
45 PURSUANT TO 42 UNITED STATES CODE SECTION 262(k)(4).

1 (b) IS DETERMINED TO BE THERAPEUTICALLY EQUIVALENT AS SET FORTH IN THE
2 LATEST EDITION OF THE SUPPLEMENT TO THE UNITED STATES FOOD AND DRUG
3 ADMINISTRATION'S APPROVED DRUG PRODUCTS WITH THERAPEUTIC EQUIVALENCE
4 EVALUATIONS.

5 Sec. 3. Effective date

6 This act is effective from and after December 31, 2016.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR MAY 17, 2016.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAY 17, 2016.